

# **RocketRAID 231x/230x SATA Controller**

## **Ubuntu Server Linux**

### **Installation Guide**

Version 1.0

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# 1 Overview

The purpose of this document is to provide clear instructions on how to install and use RocketRAID 231x/230x Controller on Ubuntu Server Linux system.

## 2 Installing Ubuntu Server Linux on RR231x/230x controller

If you would like to install Ubuntu Server Linux onto drives attached to RR231x/230x controller, please perform the following operations:

### Step 1 Prepare Your Hardware for Installation

After you attach your hard disks to RR231x/230x controller, you can use RR231x/230x BIOS Setting Utility to configure your hard disks as RAID arrays, or just use them as single disks.

Before installation, you must remove all the disk drives, which are not physically attached to RR231x/230x controller, from your system.

#### Note

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If you have other SCSI adapters installed, you must make sure the RR231x/230x controller BIOS will be loaded firstly. If not, try to move it to another PCI slot. Otherwise you may be unable to boot up your system.

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### Step 2 Check System BIOS Settings

In your system BIOS SETUP menu, change **Boot Sequence** in such a way that the system will first boot from floppy or CDROM, and then from SCSI. Refer to your BIOS manual to see how to set boot sequence.

If your BIOS settings do not support such a boot sequence, you can first set it to boot from floppy or CDROM. After you finish installation, set SCSI as the first boot device to boot up the system.

### Step 3 Prepare the Driver Diskette

In the following document, the floppy diskette stands for the floppy diskette which is inserted into the on-board floppy controller, the USB floppy diskette stands for the floppy diskette inserted into the USB floppy controller, the USB diskette stands for USB flash disk and USB harddisk, the USB storage stands for USB diskette and USB floppy controller.

Put the driver files on a (USB) floppy diskette.

Windows:

Create a MS-DOS filesystem and extract the archive file to the (USB) floppy diskette or USB diskette.

Linux:

```
# mkdosfs /dev/fd0
# mkdir -p /mnt/floppy
# mount /dev/fd0 /mnt/floppy
# tar xzvf rr231x_0x-ubutu-8.04.tgz -C /mnt/floppy
# umount /dev/fd0
```

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#### Note

If the floppy diskette is inserted into an USB floppy controller and the device name in the linux system is **sda**, then replace **fd0** in the upper command with **sda**: (e.g.)

```
# mkdosfs /dev/sda
```

If the driver will be put on the first partition of a USB diskette, then replace **fd0** in the upper command with **sda1**: (e.g.)

```
# mkdosfs /dev/sda1
```

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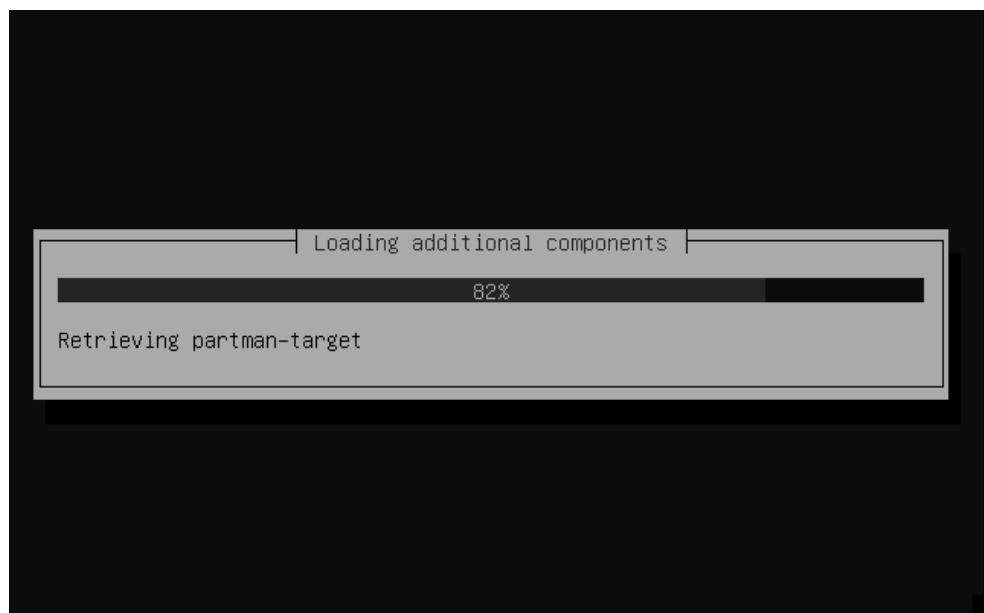
## Step 4 Install Ubuntu Server Linux

Insert the driver floppy diskette in the floppy drive or insert the USB diskette in to the USB port.

- 1) Start installing Ubuntu Server Linux by booting from the installation CD.
- 2) On the startup screen, for Ubuntu Server 6.10/7.04/7.10, select "**Install to the hard disk**" and for Ubuntu Server 8.04/8.10, select "**Install Ubuntu Server**", then press "**Enter**" to continue and for 9.04 and later, press "**F6**" to select "**Other Options**" and at the end of **Boot Options**, type in "**sata\_mv.noprobe=1**"(without quotation mark) and press "**Enter**" to start the installation. Below is the illustration for 6.10/7.04/7.10:



3) After the installation completes "**Loading additional components**".



Press "**ALT+F2**" to switch to the shell on console 2. If the installed system is Ubuntu 8.10 and the driver is on a floppy diskette, then you should load the floppy module before mount it:

```
# modprobe floppy
```

Create mount point **/floppy** if not exists:

```
# mkdir /floppy
```

Type the following commands to mount floppy diskette:

```
# mount -t vfat /dev/fd0 /floppy
```

```
# cp -r /floppy /tmp/hptdd
```

```
# umount /floppy
```

Unplug all USB storages from the USB port and then type:

```
# sh /tmp/hptdd/preinst.sh
```

```
Please press Enter to activate this console.

BusyBox v1.1.3 (Debian 1:1.1.3-Subuntu12) Built-in shell
Enter 'help' for a list of built-in commands.

~ # mount -t vfat /dev/fd0 /floppy
~ # cp -r /floppy /tmp/hptdd
~ # umount /floppy/
~ # sh /tmp/hptdd/preinst.sh
The disk you insert is for linux kernel 2.6
This step succeeded! Now you can press ALT+F1 to switch
screen!
~ #
```

- 4) Then press “**ALT+F1**” to switch back to installation screen and continue the installation as usual.
- 5) When the screen shows that “[!] **Finish the installation**”,

```
[!] Finish the installation
Installation complete
Installation is complete, so it is time to boot into your new system.
Make sure to remove the installation media (CD-ROM, floppies), so
that you boot into the new system rather than restarting the
installation.

<Go Back> <Continue>

<Tab> moves between items; <Space> selects; <Enter> activates buttons
```

press “**ALT+F2**” to the shell and type the following commands:

```
# sh /tmp/hptdd/postinst.sh
```

A message will be displayed that the driver has been installed successfully.

```

~ # sh /tmp/hptdd/postinst.sh
The disk you insert is for linux kernel 2.6
We have completed the driver installation, you can use
installation console to finish the installation.
~ #

```

- 7) Press “**ALT+F1**” to switch back to installation screen and finish the installation.

## 3 Installing RR231x/230x driver on an Existing System

### Note

If you use a SCSI adapter to boot your system, you must make sure the RR231x/230x controller BIOS will be loaded after that adapter’s BIOS. If not, try to move it to another PCI slot. Otherwise you may be unable to boot up your system.

### Step 1 Obtain and install the Driver Module

Extract the driver archive to a temporary directory and execute the **install.sh** to install the driver to the system. For example:

```

# mkdir /tmp/dd
# tar xzvf rr231x_0x-ubuntu-804-i386.tgz -C /tmp/dd
# cd /tmp/dd
# sh install.sh

```

If the driver of previous version has been in the initrd image, the installer will update the initrd image or it will make the driver automatically loaded while system up.

### Step 2 Configure System to Mount Volumes when Startup

Now you can inform the system to automatically mount the array by modifying the file `/etc/fstab`. E.g. you can add the following line to tell the system to mount `/dev/sda1` to location `/mnt/raid` after startup:

```

/dev/sda1      /mnt/raid      ext3      defaults      0 0

```

## 4 Monitoring the Driver

Once the driver is running, you can monitor it through the Linux proc file system support. There is a special file under `/proc/scsi/rr2310_00/`.

### Note

The file name is the SCSI host number allocated by OS. If you have no other SCSI cards installed, it will be 0. In the following sections, we will use x to represent this number.

## Checking Devices Status

Using the following command to show driver status:

```
# cat /proc/scsi/rr2310_00/x
```

This command will show the driver version number, physical device list and logical device list.

## 5 Updating the Driver

Update the driver is the same as installing driver on an Existing System, so refer to section **3 Installing RR231x/230x driver on an Existing System.**

## 6 Installing RAID Management Software

HighPoint RAID Management Software is used to configure and keep track of your hard disks and RAID arrays attached to RR231x/230x controller. Installation of the management software is optional but recommended.

Please refer to HighPoint RAID Management Software documents about more information.

## 7 Rebuilding Driver Module for System Update

When the system updates the kernel packages, the driver module `rr2310_00.ko` should be built and installed manually before reboot.

To build the driver module, the RR231x/230x open source package and the following building packages are needed: `gcc`, `kernel-headers`. The open source package can be got from HighPoint website: <http://www.highpoint-tech.com> while the building tools can be installed from the Ubuntu project website: <http://www.ubuntu.com>

**Note:** the package version of `kernel-headers` should be the same to the version of updated kernel package.

Refer to the REAME file distributed with HighPoint RR231x/230x open source package on how to build and install the driver module.